



Advanced Markets

2022 Fingertip Tax Guide

This Guide has been updated to reflect 2022 tax changes related to individual income taxes, transfer taxes, business taxes, retirement contribution limits and more. Please note that under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) of 2017, many of the provisions that affect individual taxpayers are set to expire at the end of 2025, reverting to pre-TCJA law.

Ordinary income taxes 2022

If taxable income is¹:

	Over	But not over	The tax is	Of the amount over
Married filing jointly	\$0	\$20,550	\$0 + 10%	\$0
	\$20,550	\$83,550	\$2,055 + 12%	\$20,550
	\$83,550	\$178,150	\$9,615 + 22%	\$83,550
	\$178,150	\$340,100	\$30,427 + 24%	\$178,150
	\$340,100	\$431,900	\$69,295 + 32%	\$340,100
	\$431,900	\$647,850	\$98,671 + 35%	\$431,900
	\$647,850	—	\$174,253.50 + 37%	\$647,850
Single	\$0	\$10,275	\$0 + 10%	\$0
	\$10,275	\$41,775	\$1,027.50 + 12%	\$10,275
	\$41,775	\$89,075	\$4,807.50 + 22%	\$41,775
	\$89,075	\$170,050	\$15,213.50 + 24%	\$89,075
	\$170,050	\$215,950	\$34,647.50 + 32%	\$170,050
	\$215,950	\$539,900	\$49,335.50 + 35%	\$215,950
	\$539,900	—	\$162,718 + 37%	\$539,900
Estates and trusts	\$0	\$2,750	\$0 + 10%	\$0
	\$2,750	\$9,850	\$275 + 24%	\$2,750
	\$9,850	\$13,450	\$1,979 + 35%	\$9,850
	\$13,450	—	\$3,239 + 37%	\$13,450

2022 Capital gains tax

Capital gains rate on collectibles	28%		
Long-term capital gains rates (other than collectibles and qualified business stock)	Single	Married filing jointly	Trusts & estates
0%	\$41,675 or below	\$83,350 or below	\$2,800 or below
15%	\$41,676 - \$459,750	\$83,351 - \$517,200	\$2,801-\$13,700
20%	Over \$459,750	Over \$517,200	Over \$13,700

Note: Qualified Dividends are taxed the same as capital gains.

Alternative minimum tax exemption amounts

	2021	2022
Married filing jointly	\$114,600	\$118,100
Single	\$73,600	\$75,900
Trusts and estates	\$25,700	\$26,500

Standard deductions

	2021	2022
Married filing jointly	\$25,100	\$25,900
Single	\$12,550	\$12,950

Net investment income (NII) tax thresholds

3.8% additional tax on earned income

	Applicable on NII when taxpayer's income exceeds
Married filing jointly	\$250,000
Married filing separately	\$125,000
Any other filing status	\$200,000

Note: Thresholds are not indexed for inflation.

Medicare tax thresholds

0.9% Additional tax on earned income

	Applicable on earned income amounts over:
Married filing jointly	\$250,000
Married filing separately	\$125,000
Any other filing status	\$200,000

Note: Thresholds are not indexed for inflation.

Social Security benefits

Maximum annual earnings before social security benefits are reduced

	2021	2022
Before full retirement age (lose \$1 for every \$2 of earnings)	\$18,960	\$19,560
Year of full retirement age (lose \$1 for every \$3 of earnings)	\$50,520	\$51,960
After full retirement age	No limit	No limit

FICA income limits

Maximum compensation subject to FICA taxes

	2021	2021
OASDI (Old-age, survivors and disability insurance; social security maximum)	\$142,800	\$147,000
HI (Hospital insurance; Medicare maximum)	No limit	No limit

Qualified plans

	2021	2022
Contribution limit to qualified retirement plans (e.g., 401(k), 403(b) & 457(b) plans) ²	\$19,500	\$20,500
401(k) age 50+ catch-up contribution limit	\$6,500	\$6,500
Maximum IRA contribution limit	\$6,000	\$6,000
IRA age 50+ catch-up contribution limit	\$1,000	\$1,000
Maximum contribution to SIMPLE plan	\$13,500	\$14,000
SIMPLE plan age 50+ catch-up contribution limit	\$3,000	\$3,000
Annual includible compensation limit	\$290,000	\$305,000
Limitation on annual additions to a defined contribution plan	\$58,000	\$61,000
Highly compensated employee compensation limit	\$130,000	\$135,000
Limitation on the annual benefit under a defined benefit plan	\$230,000	\$245,000

Roth IRA income limits for contributions

	2021	2022
Married filing jointly	\$198,000 - \$208,000	\$204,000 - \$214,000
Single Taxpayers	\$125,000 - \$140,000	\$129,000 - \$144,000

Corporations

2022	
C corporations	21% flat tax
Pass-through businesses (s corporations, partnerships) and sole proprietors	Tax rate of owner, but up to 20% deduction on “qualified business income” subject to threshold limits (see 199A thresholds)

Note: Deduction for pass-through businesses is subject to strict rules and testing requirements; deduction unavailable for specified service-oriented businesses where owner’s income exceeds certain limits (see below)

199A thresholds

	2021	2022
Married filing jointly	\$329,800 - \$429,800	\$340,100 - \$440,100
Married filing separate	\$164,925 - \$214,925	\$170,050 - \$220,050
Any other filing status	\$164,900 - \$214,900	\$170,050 - \$220,050

Long-Term Care

Periodic payments received under qualified long-term care insurance contracts or under certain life insurance contracts

	2021	2022
Per diem limit	\$400	\$390

Deduction for Eligible Long-Term Care Premiums per IRC 213(d)(10)

	2021	2022
Age 40 or less	\$450	\$450
Over age 40 but not more than 50	\$850	\$850
Over age 50 but not more than 60	\$1,690	\$1,690
Over age 60 but not more than 70	\$4,520	\$4,510
More than 70	\$5,640	\$5,640

2022 Estate & gift taxes

Over	But not over	The tax is	Of the amount over	Tax exemptions for 2022
\$0	\$10,000	\$0 + 18%	\$0	Annual gift tax exclusion: Individual donor may gift \$16,000 per donee
\$10,000	\$20,000	\$1,800 + 20%	\$10,000	
\$20,000	\$40,000	\$3,800 + 22%	\$20,000	Gift tax exemption: \$12,060,000
\$40,000	\$60,000	\$8,200 + 24%	\$40,000	
\$60,000	\$80,000	\$13,000 + 26%	\$60,000	Estate and generation-skipping transfer tax exemption: \$12,060,000
\$80,000	\$100,000	\$18,200 + 28%	\$80,000	
\$100,000	\$150,000	\$23,800 + 30%	\$100,000	Annual gift tax exclusion for a non-citizen spouse: \$164,000
\$150,000	\$250,000	\$38,800 + 32%	\$150,000	
\$250,000	\$500,000	\$70,800 + 34%	\$250,000	Maximum gift tax rate: 40%
\$500,000	\$750,000	\$155,800 + 37%	\$500,000	
\$750,000	\$1,000,000	\$248,300 + 39%	\$750,000	
\$1,000,000	—	\$345,800 + 40%	\$1,000,000	

Estate tax rates and exemptions

Year	Top estate tax rate	Estate tax exemption	Applicable credit
2010	0% ³ /35%	\$0 ³ /\$5,000,000	\$0 ³ /\$1,730,800
2011	35%	\$5,000,000	\$1,730,800
2012	35%	\$5,120,000	\$1,772,800
2013	40%	\$5,250,000	\$2,045,800
2014	40%	\$5,340,000	\$2,081,800
2015	40%	\$5,430,000	\$2,117,800
2016	40%	\$5,450,000	\$2,125,800
2017	40%	\$5,490,000	\$2,141,800
2018	40%	\$11,180,000	\$4,417,800
2019	40%	\$11,400,000	\$4,505,800
2020	40%	\$11,580,000	\$4,577,800
2021	40%	\$11,700,000	\$4,625,800
2022	40%	\$12,060,000	\$4,769,800

Note: The TCJA increased the gift, estate, and GST tax exemptions to \$10M (indexed for inflation), but these exemptions are scheduled to expire and revert back to \$5M (indexed for inflation) after 12/31/2025. In November 2019, final regulations were issued clarifying that there will be no “clawback” of any unified credit used before 2026 when the exemption reverts to a \$5 million exemption (indexed for inflation).

For additional information, please contact your local

John Hancock Representative.

1. The rates listed are for the regular income tax. Some taxpayers may be subject to the Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT) instead; every taxpayer is responsible for paying the higher of the regular income tax or the AMT.
2. The contribution limit is the same for regular and Roth 401(k) plans; a total of \$20,500 can be contributed in 2022 to one or both types of 401(k) plans.
3. In 2010, decedents had the choice between full estate tax repeal but with carryover basis or exposure to estate tax with a \$5M exemption and a maximum tax rate of 35%.

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Not a Deposit	Not Insured by Any Government Agency	